

FH05000 OTDR

Manual

Rerandway	FHO5000 Optical Time Domain Reflectometer
Grandy	
	STDR F2 F3 CK
	Optical Time-Domain Reflectometer
	www.grandwaytelecom.com



Date: 2023-11-2



Foreword

Thank you for purchasing FHO5000 OTDR (Optical Time Domain Reflectometer). This user's manual contains useful information about the instrument's functions and operating procedures and the handling precautions of FHO5000 OTDR. To ensure correct use, please read this manual thoroughly before beginning operation. After reading the manual, keep it in a convenient location for quick reference whenever a question arises during operation.

Note

• The contents of this manual are subject to change without prior notice as a result of continuing improvements to the instrument's performance and functions. The figures given in this manual may differ from those that actually appear on your screen.

• Every effort has been made in the preparation of this manual to ensure the accuracy of its contents. However, should you have any questions or find any errors, please contact your nearest Grandway dealer.

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Version

Version	Date	Content changes	Note
V1.0	2023-1-1	New PRO Version Released	
V1.1	2023-11-2	Add some new functions	



Standard Accessory

OTDR standard accessary showed in next table.

Num.	Description	Quantity
1	Main Unit	1
2	Lithium battery	1
3	Power adapter	1
4	Charge cord	1
5	FC adapter	1
6	USB cable	1
7	Quick guide	1
8	Test report	1
9	Wrist strap	1
10	Carrying bag	1



Safety Precautions

To use the instrument safely and effectively, be sure to observe the precautions given in the user's manual. Not complying might result in injury or death.

Warning

Use the Correct Power Supply

Before connecting the power cord, ensure that the source voltage matches the rated supply voltage of the AC adapter and that it is within the maximum rated voltage of the provided power cord.

Use the Correct Power Cord

Use only the power cord that comes with the instrument. Do not use it for other devices.

Use the Correct AC Adapter

Use only the AC adapter specified for the instrument. Do not use it for other devices.

Use Only the Designated Battery pack

Use only the battery pack specified for the instrument. Do not use it for other devices.

Use only this instrument or a charger specified by Gradway to charge the battery pack. If the fast charge does not finish after fours hours or more, stop charging the battery pack immediately.

To prevent the possibility of electric shock and accidents, always turn OFF the power switch and remove the AC adapter power supply from the instrument when replacing the battery pack.

Do not throw the battery pack into fire or apply heat to it. This can cause dangerous explosions or spraying of the electrolytes.

Do Not Look at the Laser Light

Do not look at the laser's direct ray, reflected ray from a mirror, or indirect ray without the proper protective eyewear. In addition, avoid being exposed to the laser light. It can cause blindness or damage to the eye.

Do Not Operate in an Explosive Atmosphere

Do not use the thermocouple in a location where any flammable or explosive gas/vapor is present. Operation in such an environment constitutes a safety hazard.

Do Not Remove Covers

The covers should be removed by GRANDWAY's qualified personnel only. Opening the cover is dangerous, because some areas inside the instrument have high voltages.

Carrying and Moving the Instrument

Remove all power cords and connection cables from the main unit before moving the instrument. When carrying the instrument, hold it firmly by the handle.Also, if storage media is inserted into the instrument, always remove the storage media before carrying or moving the instrument. Never leave the media inserted when carrying or moving. The storage media can become damaged.

Apply Correct Signals to the Optical Connectors

Do not apply light that is —10dBm or greater to the FHO5000 optical Connectors. Doing so may damage the FHO5000.



Symbol

Icons on the main unit or in manua



Warning: handle with care. Refer to the user's manual or service manual.

This symbol appears on dangerous locations on the instrument which require special instructions for proper handling or use. The same symbol appears in the corresponding place in manual to identify those instructions



Hazard, radiation of laser apparatus



Recycle



Direct current



Comply WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) Directive (2002/96/EC)



Stand-by (power)



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Content

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1: OTDR Interface



No	Name	Description
1	Electric ports	Charging port: DC input 10V/4A
	(From left to right)	USB 2.0 port: Insert USB disk to upgrade
	(UE-) 9980 95	RJ45 Ethernet port: remote control port
		Mini USB port: Transfer file to PC via USB cable
2	Optical ports	OTDR port1: for 1310nm/1550nm testing
	(From left to right)	VFL port: 2.5mm universal port
		OPM port: for optical power testing
		OTDR port2(optional): for 1625nm testing
3	Function key	Menu: Enter the Main menu interface
		F1-F5:Enter the corresponding menu option
		ESC: Enter the system setting or back to main menu
		You can check "System info/language/date/power saving/bright light/IP setting, etc"in system setting
4	Test key	AVG: Perform OTDR average test ; REAL TIME: Perform OTDR realtime test
5	Direction key	Move cursor and confirm
6	File and Setup	File: To enter the saved file storage ; Setup: To enter the OTDR testing setting
7	ON/OFF key	Long press>2s to power on/off the OTDR

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1.2



Num	Item
I	Warning label
II	Battery compartments
111	Supporting plate



Num	Item
I	Handle belt buckle
	Rubber outer sheath



1.3



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III

Num	Function	Description
I	Thumbnail of current curve	For user's reference to the integrated curve
II	Curve display and operating area	Display events and curves
	Event list area	Display event information including:"Type","distance(km)", "Loss(dB)","T.Loss(dB)","Slope(dB/km)" and "Reflection(dB)", "Seg.RL", "Result"
IV	Test condition information area	Display condition information of test including"PW"(Pulse width), "WL"(wavelength),resolution of X axis(km/div) and Y axis(dB/div),distance,averaging and total loss from cursor A to cursor B.





2: Preparation

2.1

Attaching the Belt



Procedure:

- 1. Introduce belt through the buckle.
- 2. Put on the sheath.
- 3. Introduce belt through another buckle.
- 4. Fix the belt.





Connect the power supply

Using AC adapter



Once connect to AC adapter , power indicator turns red(if it is not fully charged), adapter is charging the battery , after fully charged power indicator turns green.

Installing Battery

- 1.Rotate buckle anticlockwise to open.
- 2.Install battery.
- 3. Close the cover, rotate buckle clockwise to close.

Caution

- > Proper charging temperature is: -10~40 °C, high charging temperature may shorten battery life.
- Charging time is about 5 hours with power on, about 4 hours with power off.
- > Don't charge battery more than 8 hours.
- > If the battery is not used for a long time, please charge and discharge it regularly.
- > Do not keep the battery in a low state for a long time. And stored at room temperature.



Turning on the OTDR

Press power button(>2s) to turn on OTDR, power state indicator turns green .when power is low some warning information will display on the screen.

Power state indicator

2.3

Green light: Working state or fully charged

Red light: Charging state

Launching state indicator

Green light: Proceed realtime test

Red light: Proceed averaging test



Caution

- In case of low power, special icon will appear, and after that for a while FHO5000 will turn off automatically.
- If it has not been used for an extended period of time,FHO5000 will turn of immediately after turned on to protect the internal battery ,please connect the AC adapter adapter.

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Connecting the fiber

Before connect fiber to FHO5000, clean fiber end first ,the dust which on the end of connector may damage the optical port or reduce test quality.

Procedure:

- 1. Put connector against the cleaner.
- 2. Press the handle of cleaner.
- 3. Rub each other carefully to clean the contaminant.
- 4. Repeat procedure 1 and 3.
- 5. Open the protecting cover of optical port.
- 6. Insect fiber into optical port carefully.





Caution

Insert fiber carefully into optical port, unproper operation may cause the damage of optical port.

Warning

Before connection make sure that there is no optical signal exist inside the fiber, any signal which is larger than -30dBm will disturb the sampling of OTDR, even cause permanent damage of sensor.



3: Introduction of OTDR

3.1

Purpose of Measurement

OTDR shows the back-scatter light power of the optical signal relative to the distance. With this information, the OTDR could measure a series of important information of an optical fiber such as the quality of the line, distance of the line and etc.

3.2

Content of Measurement

- > Event position----- a broken point or the end of the tested fiber
- Optical attenuation coefficient of a optical fiber
- Single event loss, such as the loss of a connection or a macro bending. Or the loss of a end-to-end line on the tested optical fiber

3.3

Analyze of Curve

OTDR can auto analyze a tested trace, the position process shows below:

- > Get the reflection events generated by connectors or mechanical splicer.
- > Non-reflection events(usually it is splicing points or macro bending).
- > End: the first point which the loss of it is over the threshold would be scanned as the end of a trace.
- > Events list: event type, loss, reflection and distance.



Normal Curve



A normal trace shows as above, the A mark is a start-peak and the B mark is a end-reflection-peak. The tested trace is oblique, the total loss will become bigger with the increasing of the fiber length. The total loss(dB) divides total length is the average loss(dB/km) of a fiber.

Curve with reflective event



If there is additional reflection peak in a tested trace, this may be caused by a connection point or some other reasons. Anyway, appearance of the reflection peak shows that the two connecting surfaces of the connection are smooth. The smoother the connection surfaces are, the higher the reflection peak is. For an instance, if a broken optical line is under test, the OTDR trace will show a broken point. After a maintenance of this line, use the OTDR test it again, we may see a reflection peak replacing the broken point on the OTDR trace, this shows the maintenance is done.



Curve with Broken Point



If the tested trace is just like the figure shows above, this might be caused by several reasons like: a bad connection between the connector and the lunching port, the optical pulse cannot be launched into the optical fiber or a short distance broken point of the tested fiber from the initial connection and the preset testing distance and pulse width is larger.

To fix this problem, we should:

- 1. Check the connection of the connector and the launching point
- 2. Reset the test parameters, decrease the preset distance and the pulse width.

If the problem still exists, we could estimate:

- 1. The connector of the test fiber is broken or polluted.
- 2. The launching port on the OTDR is broken or polluted.
- 3. The distance of the broken point of the from the initial connection is too close.

Curve with Non-reflective Event



There is a common phenomenon that an obvious step is on the middle of a tested trace, it often caused by a fiber bending, fiber knot, being pressed by something heavy or a fuse splicing point. The step means a bigger loss of a fiber, it is also called event point. If the direction of it is downward, it could be called



non-reflection event. If the direction is upward, we can call it reflection event.

Sometimes, the loss value could be a negative value, it does not means the loss does not exist. It is common phenomenon called pseudo gain, it is by a connection of two fibers with different back scatter coefficient, the scatter coefficient of the back fiber is large than the front one's. In addition, the different refract ratio also can cause the phenomenon. To avoid it, we could test a fiber bi-directionally.

Abnormal Condition



The situation that there is no reflection peak at the end of a trace shows above should be paid attention on. If the distance of the tested fiber is available and the distance shown on OTDR is not equal to the original distance, this shows that the fiber might be broken down or twisted and the bending radius of it is over limited. The distance shown on OTDR is the position of the fault point.

This phenomenon is often used in maintenance. If a fiber is uncertain, we can bend a fiber and make sure the bending radius is over limited, then use real time testing function of the OTDR to confirm the fiber.

Distance is Too long



This situation often happened in a long distance testing, caused by under-range dynamic range of the OTDR that the energy of it can not support a long distance transmission or caused by a under-range preset testing range of distance or pulse width corresponding to the actual fiber length.

To avoid this situation, adjust the testing distance and the pulse bigger and extend the sampling time.



3.4

Fundamental of OTDR

OTDR—Optical Time Domain Reflector is a high precision optical testing meter that use the theory of Rayleigh scattering and Fresnel reflection. It is widely used in the maintenance, construction and monitoring of an optical line. All the important parameters like fiber length, optical loss, connection loss, broken or twisted point and etc. of a fiber can be shown on the OTDR. When the a light transmits along a fiber, it would be scattered to various directions caused by the difference of come properties of the transmission medium, this phenomenon called Rayleigh scattering. During the scattering process, some of the light will be scattered along the absolutely converse direction, this phenomenon is called Rayleigh back-scattering. It provides some details about the fiber length. The parameters about fiber length can be got by calculation with the parameter of time(This is the derivation of TD in OTDR—Time Domain).

These back-scattering signals shows the loss level of a fiber and through these information, OTDR can generates a backward oblique trace which reflects several important attributes of a optical fiber. When the light, transmitting downward along the fiber, meet a different density medium, a part of the light will be reflected, this phenomenon is called Fresnel reflection. There are many reasons can cause the changing of the medium density like a little slot at the splicing point, a broken of fiber or etc. This phenomenon is usually used to locate the discontinuous point. Compare to the Rayleigh scattering, the consuming amount of the light in Fresnel reflection is much more then it is in Rayleigh scattering. The power of Fresnel reflection is tens of thousands times to the back-scattering's. The reflection level depends on the changing grade of refraction ratio.

Formula of the distance: distance = $(c/n) \times (t/2)$

Here: **c** is the light speed traveled in vacuum(2.998×10⁸m/s)

t is the delay between launching pulse and receiving pulse

n is the refraction ratio of the testing fiber(specified by manufacturer)

When display the whole trace, each point of the trace represents the average value of several sampling points. By zoom in and zoom out function, the value of each sampling point can be got.



Let's go in the grandway!



Working Principle of OTDR

3.5

Event Type of OTDR



Types of event

The events on trace are all the points that the value of power loss fluctuates abnormally. It usually contains various types of connection and bending, crack, broken and etc. The event points marked on trace with special marks are the abnormal points in a fiber that cause the excursion of a normal trace.

The events can be divided into Reflection-event and Non-reflection-event

Start event

The Start-Event on a OTDR trace is the initial point. Under the default setup, Start-Event is located on the first event(usually it is an connection between the OTDR launching port and the connector of a fiber) of a fiber. It is a Reflection-event.



End event

The End-Event on a OTDR trace is the end point of a fiber. Under the default setup, End-Event is located on the last event(usually it is an end face or a broken down point of a fiber). Usually, it is a Reflection-event.

Reflection-event

The phenomenon on a trace that some power of the optical pulse is reflected called a reflection event. Reflection-event is displayed as a peak signal on a trace.

Non-reflection-event

The phenomenon on a trace that there exists some abnormal loss in a optical line, but no reflection occurred is called a Non-reflection-event. It is displayed as a drop with no peak on a trace.

Event detection

OTDR launches a bunch of optical pulse into a under-test fiber, receives the returned optical signal and starts calculating the distance from a event. The more the distance from the event is, the longer the returning time is cost. According to the receiving time, distance can be calculated. By detecting the trace generated by the returned optical signal, the attributes of the fiber itself, the connector of the fiber, adaptor in the fiber and splicing point in the fiber can be confirmed.



4: OTDR Measurement



1. Enter OTDR function and click "Setup" to enter the OTDR testing parameter setting.







The meaning of items indicated in the following table:

Test Wave	Test Wavelength of OTDR, including 1310nm,1550nm and 1310nm/1550nm, 1625nm, 850nm and 1300nm According to the OTDR model.
Test Mode	Auto Mode: OTDR will set best parameters for current test Manual Mode: Set parameters manually
Test Time	Under averaging test mode(TEST),longer test time has better SNR (Signal Noise Ratio) but takes more time .
Test Range	Test distance of OTDR .adjust only in manual mode, Usually set to 1.5~2 times of the actual fiber length. In auto mode this item set as "Auto".
Pulse Width	Wider pulse has stronger backward signal, OTDR has longer detecting distance but wide pulse width will cause the saturation of backward signal, make blind area bigger.so the selection of pulse width has close relationship with the length of fiber. Select the appropriate pulse width according to the measured fiber length. Pulse width could only modified in "Manual"mode.
Resolution	Sampling resolution of test high resolution has more sample point and high precision,but take more memory space
Unit	Unit of test result, including km/kfeet/miles
Launch cable length	The test introduces the launch cable fiber, which can reduce the deadzone at the first connector of the tested optical fiber

Caution

- > When "Pulse width" set to "Auto", test will choose proper pulse width automatically
- > When "Test Range" set to "Auto", test will choose proper range automatically
- Once you set the "Test range", "Pulse width" item will adjust automatically, but you could also adjust manually if inappropriate.



Proper relationship between Test Range(TR) and Pulse width(PW) (For user's reference only.) :

TR											
PW	500m	2km	5km	10km	20km	33km	40km	80km	120km	160km	240km
3ns	~	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ
5ns	~	~	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ
10ns	~	~	~	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ
20ns	Δ	~	~	~	~	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ
50ns	Δ	~	~	~	~	~	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ
100ns	Δ	Δ	~	~	~	1	~	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ
275ns	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	~	~	~	~	Δ	Δ	Δ
500ns	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	~	~	Δ	Δ	Δ
lus	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	~	~	~	Δ	Δ
2us	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	~	~	~	Δ
5us	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ		Δ	Δ	~	~	~	\checkmark
10us	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	~	~	~
20us	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ			Δ	Δ	Δ		~

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Average test mode

Average test mode can calculate the data of curve over a period of time and display as a averaging one ,the period time is according to the "Test Time" in "Test Setting".

Press **[TEST]** button on the control panel, test state indicator turns red, enter average test interface.





4.3

4.2

Real-time test mode

During real-time testing, OTDR will continue to transmit optical signal pulses until we stop, which is used for fast scanning and realtime monitoring of optical fiber lines. Any change in the optical fiber line can be detected in real time.

Press **[REALTIME]** button on control panel, test state indicator turns green, enter realtime test interface.







During **[REAL TIME]** testing, the wavelength can be changed by " λ " button, also the test range and pulse width can be changed by "**Params**" button. After switching parameters, click **OK** to execute the new real-time test.

RealTime Test 2022-11-18 13:42	Manu	RealTime Test 2022-11-18 13:37	1000
PW:10ns λ:1310nm X: 0.20/div Y: 5.00dB/div ************************************	D ^b dB	PW:10ns λ:1310nm X: 0.50/div Y: 5.00dB/div ★Do not stare into ber	Menu
dB A: 0.00m 0.00dB B: 0.00m 0.00dB B: 0.00m 0.00dB M: A: 0.00m Comparison Comp	Cursor A Cursor B Cursor AB	dB A: 0.00m 7.03dB B: 0.00m 7.03dB B-A: 0.00m 0.00dB/km RL: C dB A: 0.00m C 3: 50.000 B 0.00m C	Cursor A Cursor B Cursor AB
45.000 40.000 35.000	Zoom Shift Switch	45.000 40.000 35.000 Range PW	Zoom Shift Switch
30.000 25.000 20.000	Region Zoom	30.000 Osnov 25.000 Osnov 20.000 Osnov 20.000 Ons 20.000 Osnov 20.000 Osnov 20.0000 20.0000 20.0000 20.0000 20.0000 20.0000 20.0000 20.0000 20.0000 20.0000 20.0000 20.0000 20.0000 20.0000	Region Zoom
15 000 1310 1 10 000 5 000 1111 1550 1	nm 🔒	15.000 O 20km O 50ns 10.000 O 40km O 100ns 5.000 O 20km O 50ns	λ.
0.000 0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.2 1.4 1. Acquisition in progress	nm Params	0.000 0.0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0 3.4 Acquisition in progress O fus O fus	Params
	Quit	Q20us @Auto	Quit



Adjust Range and PW in **[REAL TIME]** testing



4.4

Interpretation of Curves

After average test, Curves and events list will appear immediately at the bottom of the window, user could get detail information about this test from the list.



Description of items showed in chart below:

Num	ltem	Description
1	Туре	Type of event (Start event, Non-reflection events, Reflection events and End event)
2	Distance	Distance from start point to event
3	Segment	Distance from this event to last event.
4	Loss	Loss of this single event(dB)
5	T. Loss	Total loss from start event to this event(dB)
6	Slope dB/km	Ratio of event loss value (dB) (from this event to last event) to distance (km) (distance from
7	Reflect.dB	Return loss of this event(dB)
8	Seg.RL	Return loss of segment fiber(dB)
9	Result	Pass/Fail judgement according to the event threshold



4.5

Operation of Curves

1, Cursor A, Cursor B and Cursor A/B

In"Current Test" interface, press **[F1]** button,"cursor" tag turns yellow,means it has been activated.Now the cursor A can be moved by press **[4]**, **[b]** button, long press to move cursor faster. Press **[F1]** button again to switch cursor.





Sequence of cursor switching



2, Zoom, Shift, Switch

Curve Zoom

In"Current Test" interface, press **[F2]** button, Zoom tag turns yellow, press **[▶]** button to Horizontal zoom, Press **[OK]** button to reset curve.

	C	PW:10ns A	t ::1310nm :: 16.72dB	2022-11 X: 0.20/div Y:	-18 13:45 5.00dB/div	02m 22 827d	Pilem Pile	<u>16</u> .	.72 dB	Menu			PW:10ns	t λ:1310nm X	2022-11-	18 13:50).21dB/div	02 02 0274	ID for Dia	<u>16</u>	.72 dB	Menu
dB 50.000 45.000	3 0.00	m	A 5	09.03m	JUB B-A. 309.	0511 52.6570	DIKITI NL	-		Cursor A Cursor B Cursor AB	dB 18.198 17.989		A. 509.03	A 50	9.03m	UB B-A. 509	.03m 32.8370		-		Cursor A Cursor B Cursor AB
40.000 35.000 30.000 25.000										Zoom Shift Switch	17.780 17.571 17.362 17.152			Λ	Ho	rizon	tal zo	om			Zoom Shift Switch
20.000 15.000 10.000 5.000							2	₩	anta (pipanete	Region Zoom	16.943 16.734 16.525 16.316	~	~~~~			~~~~		~~~~	~~~~	~~~	Region Zoom
0.000	.0	0.2	0.4	0.6 0.8	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8 km	Trace	10.302	87	495	504 5	3 522	531	539	548	557	566 m	Trace
No.	Туре	Distance kn	n Segmen	it km Loss dB	T.Loss dB	Slope dB/km	Reflect.	df Seg. RL	Result	Event	No.	Туре	Distance k	m Segment k	m Loss dB	T.Loss dE	Slope dB/kn	n Reflect	. df Seg. RL	Result	Event
1	1	0.50903 1.51636	0.50903	0.063	0.171 0.548	0.297 0.313		38.33 38.25	Pass Pass	Next Page	1	1	0.50903 1.51636	0.50903 1.00732	0.063 	0.171 0.548	0.297 0.313		38.33 38.25	Pass Pass	Next Page
										Quit											Quit

In"Current Test" interface, press 【▼】 button to Vertical zoom.

Press **(**OK**)** button to reset curve.

		Current Tes PW:10ns	st λ:1310nm >	2022-11- C: 0.01/div Y: 0	-18 13:50 0.21dB/div				.72 dB	Menu		(Current Tes PW:10ns /	t \:1310nm :	2022-11 K: 0.01/div Y:	-18 13:52 0.12dB/div			0	.19 dB	Menu
dB 18.198 17.989		A: 509.03	m 16.72dB E A 50	<mark>3: 0.00m 0.00</mark>)9.03m	dB B-A: 509.	.03m 32.837d	IB/km RL:-			Cursor A Cursor B Cursor AB	dB 17.578 17.460		A: 520.29r	m 16.70dB	B: 13.30m 16	89dB B-A: 5	06.99m 0.37	IdB/km RL	.:42.66dB 0.29m		Cursor A Cursor B Cursor AB
17.780 17.571 17.362 17.152			Λ							Zoom Shift Switch	17.342 17.223 17.105 16.987			ve			\mathbf{I}				Zoom Shift Switch
16.943 16.734 16.525 16.316	~	~~~~	~~~/`\ ₽		~~~~~		~~~~	~~~~	~~~~	Region Zoom	16.869 16.751 16.632 16.514			~~~~	~~~~~	~~~~		r	~~~~		Region Zoom
16.307	487	495	504 5	522	531	539	548	557	566 m	Trace	16.396	157	466	474	483 492	501	510	518	527	536 m	Trace
No.	Тур	 Distance ki 0 	m Segment	km Loss dB	T.Loss dB	Slope dB/kn	n Reflect.	dt Seg. RL	Pass	Event	No.	Туре	Distance kn 0	n Segment 0	km Loss dB	T.Loss dB	Slope dB/ki	n Reflect	. dt Seg. RL	Pass	Event
1	1	0.50903	0.50903	0.063	0.171	0.297		38.33	Pass		1	1	0.50903	0.50903	0.063	0.171	0.297		38.33	Pass	
2		1.51636	1.00732		0.548	0.313	-54.1	38.25	Pass	Next Page	2		1.51636	1.00732		0.548	0.313	-54.1	38.25	Pass	Next Page
										Quit											Quit



Curve Shift

In"Current Test" interface, press **[F2]** button, Shift tag turns yellow, press **[▲]**, **[▼]** button to move up or down.

Press [OK] button to reset curve.

	C	PW:10ns A: 0.00m	st λ:1310nn 0.00dB B	n X: 0. : 0.00r	2022-11 .20/div Y: : n 0.00dB	18 13:44 5.00dB/div 3-A: 0.00m 0	.00dB/km RL:		0	.00 dB	Menu			PW:10ns	t X:1310nm X 0.00dB B: 0.1	2022-11 : 0.20/div Y: 00m 0.00dB	-18 13:53 5.00dB/div B-A: 0.00m 0	00dB/km RL:		0	.00 dB	Menu
dB 50.000 B	100.0 100.0	n n									Cursor B Cursor AB	dB 50.000 45.000	0.00)m)m								Cursor B Cursor AB
45.000 40.000 35.000											Zoom Shift Switch	40.000 35.000 30.000 25.000				۲ ۲	\sim			n li	antaine d <mark>ha fa an</mark> taine antai	Zoom Shift Switch
30.000 25.000 20.000											Region Zoom	20.000 15.000 10.000 5.000			1		Move	UP	2			Region Zoom
15.000 10.000			1					•			Trace Event	.0.000 0	0 Type	0.2 Distance kr	0.4 0. n Segment I	6 0.8 km Loss dB	1.0 T.Loss dB	1.2 Slope dB/km	1.4 Reflect	1.6 . df Seg. RL	1.8 km Result	Trace Event
5.000 0.000 0.0	l)	0.2	1	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8 km	Next Page	0 1 2		0 0.50903 1.51636	0 0.50903 1.00732	 0.063 	 0.171 0.548	 0.297 0.313	-44.9 -54.1	 38.33 38.25	Pass Pass Pass	Next Page
No. 7 0 1	Type ┣━ L	Distance k 0 0.50903	m Segme 0 0.5090	ent km)3	Loss dB 0.063	T.Loss dB 0.171	Slope dB/km 0.297	-44.9	df Seg. RL 38.33	Resu Pass Pass	Quit											Quit

Curve Switch

1: In"Current Test" interface, Up to 8 test curves can be loaded simultaneously, and the curve can be switched by activating the **[F2]** Switch tag.

2: Control 【▲】、【▼】 button to switch between curves. 【▲】: switch to above curve 【▼】: switch to below curve

3: The currently selected waveform is displayed in yellow.



3, Region Zoom

In "current test" interface, press **[F3]** button activate the "**Region Zoom**" function, tag turns yellow. Use finger to touch the screen to draw a square in the region area. The corresponding area will be zoomed in.



T.Loss dB Slope dB/km Reflect. dESeg. RL

0.162

-41.1

39.70

Type Distance km Segment km Loss dB

0.506

0.038

0.102

No.

0 -

0

L 0.506

Resu ^

Pass

Pass 💙

>

Next Page

Quit



4, Trace/Event

In "current test" interface, press [F4] button to switch between "Curve" and "Event", expand each section

after switch, this function could also switch between cursor("Curve") and selection tag("Event").





Control [▶], [◀] or [▲], [▼] to move selection tag. The cursor will automatically position on the selected event.

Manu					18 13:45	2022-11-		urrent Test	Cı	
Menu	00 dB	0.			.00dB/div	20/div Y: 5	1310nm X: 0	PW:10ns λ:		
Cursor A Cursor B Cursor AE				00dB/km RL:	-A: 0.00m 0.	n 0.00dB E	00dB B: 0.00r	<mark>] A: 0.00m 0.</mark> ! ກ ກ	0.00r	dB .000 A .000 B
Zoom Shift Switch										.000
Region Zoom	and an even of	Maria	2				1			.000
Trace	1.8 km	1.6	1.4	1.2 1	1.0	0.8	4 0.6	0.2 0	0	0.000
Event	Result	df Seg. RL	Reflect.	Slope dB/km	T.Loss dB	Loss dB	Segment km	Distance km	Туре	No.
	Pass		-44.9	<u></u>			0	0	Η.	0
	Pass	38.33		0.297	0.171	0.063	0.50903	0.50903	L	1
Next Page	Pass	38.25	-54.1	0.313	0.548	22) 	1.00732	1.51636	-1.	2

	C	urrent Test	t	2022-11	-18 13:45					Manu
		PW:10ns A	:1310nm)	X: 0.20/div Y:	5.00dB/div			16.	72 dB	Menu
dB 50.000 45.000	3 0.00	A: 509.03r	n 16.72dB	B: 0.00m 0.00)9.03m	IdB B-A: 509.	03m 32.837dE	km RL:			Cursor A Cursor B Cursor AB
40.000 35.000 30.000 25.000					F	Position	to E	vent1		Zoom Shift Switch
20.000 15.000 10.000 5.000							2	, talih secondari se	nut _{es} sum	Region Zoom
0	.0	0.2	0.4 (0.6 0.8	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8 km	Trace
No.	Туре	Distance kn	n Segment	km Loss dB	T.Loss dB	Slope dB/km	Reflect	. df Seg. RL	Result	Event
0		0	0 50003				-44.9		Pass	
2	- 1 _	1.51636	1.00732		0.548	0.313	-54.1	38.25	Pass	Next Page
										Quit

Every time move selection bar to an event in event list, cursor will move synchronously to relevant event on curve. User could use "Zoom", "Shift", "Switch" function to adjust curve to a better position.

5, Overlay

Press **[Next Page]** to enter the next curve operation interface.

7	.93 dB	Menu			
RL: fil	le_0004.sor	Overlay	0	verlay	
		Analyse	In"	Current Test" interface,	press [F1] button, Enter Overlay function:
		Event	>	Remove Current Trace	Remove the Curve which has been selected.
4.0	4.5 km	Multi	≻	Remove Other Trace	Remove the Curve(s) which has not been selected.
t. df Seg. RL	Result Pass	Function	≻	Remove All	Remove all the Curves.
41.05 44.67 43.51	Pass Pass Fail	Prev Page			
	Fail				
		Quit			



6, Analyse

In "current test" interface, press **[F2]** button to activate the **Analyse** function. Click **LSA loss** and use the 4-point method to test the attenuation loss of event2.



Zoom the curve and click marker to place X1, X2, X3, X4 and X, (X1 and X2 are placed in front of the event point, and X3 and X4 are placed behind the event point. The slope of X1-X2 and X3-X4 should be as consistent as possible.)

As shown in the figure below. The attenuation loss measured by 4-point method is 0.921db.





7, Event

- In "current test" interface, press **[F3]** button to activate **Event** function.
- 1: Select the event you want to delete, and press **[Remove Event]** to delete the current event.

	0	Current Test PW:30ns λ	: 1625nm	2022-11 X: 0.50/div Y: :	-18 14:53 5.00dB/div			7.	45 dB	Menu		C	Current Tes PW:30ns /	t \:1625nm :	2022-11- X: 0.50/div Y: 5	18 14:53 .00dB/div			3	31 dB	Menu
dB 50.000 45.000	1	A: 1511.22	m 15.95dl	3 B: 0.00m 23. A 1511.22n	40dB B-A: 1	511.22m 4.929	IdB/km RL	file	_0004.sor	Overlay	dB 50.000 45.000	1.02	A: 1.02m 2	26.71dB B:	0.00m 23.40dl	3 B-A: 1.02m	he oric	^{km RL:}	even	t 2	Overlay
40.000 35.000 30.000 25.000										Analyse	40.000 35.000 30.000 25.000					h	as bee	n de	leted		Analyse
20.000 15.000 10.000 5.000		1		2	3			Add Remov	Event ve Event	Event	20.000 15.000 10.000 5.000		1		<u> </u>	2	4.0				Event
0.000	.0 .T	0.5	1.0	1.5 2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0 4	1.5 km	Multi	0.000	0	0.5	1.0	1.5 2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.5 km	Multi
NO.	Гуре	O Distance km	0 Segment		I.LOSS OB	Slope dB/km	-40.3	it Seg. RL	Pass	Function	NO.	i ype	Distance kn	n Segment	KM LOSS OB	T.LOSS OB	Slope dB/km	-40.3	at Seg. RL	Pass	Function
1	л.	0.507	0.507	0.044	0.096	0.149	-71.2	39.65	Pass		1	Л	0.507	0.507	0.044	0.096	0.150	<-71.2	38.89	Pass	
2	Л	1.512	1.005	0.391	0.327	0.194	-64.6	37.89	Pass	Prev Page	2	-	2.518	2.011		0.944	0.487	-48.6		Fail	Prev Page
3	-1.	2.518	1.006		0.944	0.198	-48.6	37.52	Pass	-											
										Quit											Quit

2: Move the cursor A or B to the position where you want to add an fiber event. and press **[Add Event]** to create new event at this position.

Current Test 2022-11-18 14:56 Current Test 2022-11-18 14:56 Menu Menu W:30ns A:1625nm X: 0.50/div Y: 5.00dB/div 7.93 dB W:30ns λ:1625nm X: 0.50/div Y: 5.00dB/div 7.93 dB 1948.24m 15.47dB B: 0.00m 23.40dB B-A: 1948 24m 15 47dB B: 0.00m 23 40dB B-A: 1948 24m 4.069dB/k 1948 24n Cursor A Overlay ursor AE This new event Zoom Shift is added Analyse Switch Region Zoom Event 1 2 Trace Multi Function nt km Loss dB T.Loss df Seg. Rl Type Dist Slope Refle T.Lo Slope Event ⊢ 0 Л 0.507 Pass ► 0 几 0.507 几 1.512 1.048 Pass 0.507 39.65 0.044 0.149 -71.2 0.507 -70.7 0.096 Pass 0.044 0.096 0.150 41.05 Pass 1.512 2.518 0.327 23 л -Г. 1.005 0.391 0.194 -64.6 37.89 Pass 2 1.005 0.391 0.337 0.246 44 67 Pass Next Page -64.6 Prev Page 1.006 0.944 0.198 37.52 Pass 48.6 43.51 L 1.948 −I 2.518 0.436 0.843 4 0 570 0 944 0 487 -48.6 Fail Quit Quit

Caution

Event addition may not operate successfully for too close to another event, user could move cursor a bit away from near event and have another try.



8, Multi Function





OTDR could capture current screen and save as "BMP" format screenshot and generate current sor file to PDF report. The saved BMP file and PDF report will be saved in the file.

File Ope	ration	2022-11-01 10:58			Manu
Device Directory		File List			wienu
20220816	~	24Files	Size	Туре 🔦	
20220817		file_1550_3ns_500m_0314.pdf	80.5 KB	PDF 202:	File
20220810		file_1550_3ns_500m_0314.sor	4.3 KB	Otdr 202:	Operation
20220812		FLMScreen.bmp	927.0 KB	bmp 202:	
20220813		✓file_1550_30ns_500m_0315.pdf	79.1 KB	PDF 2023	
20220814		✓file_1550_30ns_500m_0315.sor	4.2 KB	Otdr 2021	Save
		file_1550_30ns_500m_0316.pdf	80.4 KB	PDF 2022	
20220818		file_1550_30ns_500m_0316.sor	4.3 KB	Otdr 2022	
20220901		file_1550_30ns_500m_0317.pdf	80.3 KB	PDF 2022	SaveAs
20220904		file_1550_30ns_500m_0317.sor	4.3 KB	Otdr 2022	
20221019		file_1550_30ns_500m_0318.pdf	80.5 KB	PDF 202:	
20221020		file_1550_30ns_500m_0318.sor	4.3 KB	Otdr 2022	
20221024		file_1550_3ns_500m_0319.pdf	80.8 KB	PDF 2022	Load
20221025		file_1550_3ns_500m_0319.sor	4.1 KB	Otdr 202:	
20221026		file_1550_1us_10km_0320.pdf	83.5 KB	PDF 202:	
20221029		file_1550_1us_10km_0320.sor	10.1 KB	Otdr 2022	Sotting
20221030		file_1550_500ns_10km_0321.pdf	83.3 KB	PDF 202:	Setting
20221031		file_1550_500ns_10km_0321.sor	10.1 KB	Otdr 2022	<u></u>
	~	FLMScreen_1.bmp	927.0 KB	bmp 202: 🗸	
	>	<]		Quit



5: File Operation

5.1

File Management

In any OTDR interface, press **[FILE]** button on the Key board to enter the file management. In"Device Directory"window,

1: In "current File" interface, When Auto Save is open, the test file will be saved in a folder named after the test date, and the saved file type is either **sor** or **sor+pdf report**.

2: Press **[**], **[**] to choose folder and press **[**] to check the sor file in this date folder.

3: Press [A], [V] and [OK] to select the file, Multiple choices are possible.

4: In "current File" interface, Press "File Operation" button,

the user can do "Copy/Cut/Paste/Delete/Select All/Rename" operation for the file in the folder.

5: In "current File" interface, Press "Create Directory" to create a subfolder under the current folder.

6: In "current File" interface, Press "Save" button to save the test data to current folder manually.

7: In "current File" interface, Press "SaveAs" button to save as the test data to current folder manually.

8: In "current File" interface, Press "Load" button to load OTDR curves, Up to 8 curves can be loaded simultaneously.

		File Operation	2022-11-18 15:23		-0508 (Manu
		Device Directory	File List				Menu
		📔 Usb Disk	54Files	Size	Туре	Copy	File
		🕀 🏱 System Volume Info	file_0001.sor	10.0 KB	Otdr 202		Operation
		- 20000101	file_0002.sor	10.0 KB	Otdr 202	Cut	Operation
			file_0003.sor	10.0 KB	Otdr 202		F
		田 🏳 新建文件夹	file_0004.sor	19.6 KB	Otdr 202	Paste	
20000000		新媒体推广视频	file_0005.bmp	916.8 KB	bmp 202	-	Save
\frown		20220819	file_0005.sor	19.6 KB	Otdr 202	Delete	
	N	20220701	file_0006.bmp	916.8 KB	bmp 202	Coloct All	
FILE		田 🏱 新建文件夹 (2)	file_0006_1.bmp	916.8 KB	bmp 202	Select All	SaveAs
FILE J			file_0006_2.bmp	916.8 KB	bmp 202	Renamo	ourono
			file_0006.sor	19.6 KB	Otdr 202	Rename	8
\smile	,		file_0007.sor	19.6 KB	Otdr 202	eate Directory	
			file_0008.bmp	916.8 KB	bmp 202	outo Billottal j	Load
			file_0008.sor	19.6 KB	Otdr 202	BlueTooth	-
			file_0009.bmp	916.8 KB	bmp 202		-
			file 0009.sor	19.6 KB	Otdr 2022-0	08-18 15:05	o
			file 0010.bmp	916.8 KB	bmp 2022-0	08-18 15:05	Setting
			Tile 0010.sor	19.6 KB	Otdr 2022-1	08-18 15:05	
			file 0011.sor	19.6 KB	Otdr 2022-0	08-18 15:07	
		2	Tile 0012 sor	19.6 KB	Otdr 2022-0	08-18 15:07 🤜	Quit



5.2

File Operation Setting

1: In "current File" interface, Press **[F5]** to enter the File Setting Menu.

File Setting	2022-11-18 1	5:25		122200
Filename	AutoSave Path			Menu
file	\Storage Card			File Name
Filename Type		SEQNO	Create folder by date	
 Filename_SEQNO Filename_wavelength_SEQN 	NO	6		Save path
OFilename_wavelength_pulse	width_SEQNO	Split Char	Auto Save	
OFilename_wavelength_range	SEQNO	ONone	OSor	
OFilename_wavelength_pulse	width_range_SEQNO	● _ ○ -	ONo ● Sor, Report	
Storage File				File
				Operation
Storage Card used space:		Usb D	lisk Used: 22.69G	
Storage Card available space:		Usb E	Disk Free: 6.59G	Report Setting
OK: Enter choose/modify Arrow: Switch in Groupboxes				Quit

Tags:

ltem	Description
Menu	Back to main menu
File Name	Modify prefix of file name
Save Path	Modify the save path of files
File Operation	Back to "File Operation" interface
Report Setting	Edit customized information for pdf test reports, such as project name, cable name, cable location, etc
Quit	Quit current interface

Items:

Item	Description
Filename	Prefix of file name , modify by "Filename"tag menu
AutoSave Path	Save path of auto save, Storage Card or U disk
Filename Type	Naming way of files after auto save
SEQNO	Sequence number of next test, and auto increment after each test
Create folder by date	Set create folder by today's date and save files separately into them.If select No, the file will be saved to the root directory
Split char	Set the type of separator
Auto save	Set Auto save mode



2: In "current File" interface, Press **[F1]** File Name to enter the File Name Setting Menu.

You can enter file names and comments from the character input screen shown below when saving the measured waveforms.

	File Setting	2022-11-18 15:27	-691 🕞	Monu	
	Filename	AutoSave Path		Menu	
	file	\Storage Card	Text Ed	diting	
	File Name fibertest			Caps	Caps Lock
Virtual Keyboard	1 2 3 4	5 6 7 8 9	0 Backspace	Clear	Delete All
	q w e a s d	r <mark>t</mark> yui fghjk	o p Del I Clear	Backspace	Delete one
	Caps z x c	v b n m ,		ок	character
			OK Quit	Cancel	
Input Metho	od Space	Save and Quit		Save and Quit	



5.3

System Setting

1: In the main menu interface, Press **[ESC]** button to enter the System Setting Menu. Control **[>]**, **[4]**

or $[\blacktriangle]$, $[\lor]$ to switch the items.





Tags:

ltem	Description
System Info.	Check the machine system infomation
Upgrade	Upgrade the machine
WIFI	Not available now
User Manual	Quick operation guide
About us	About company information
Quit	Quit current interface

Items:

Item	Description				
Language switch	Switch overseas languages				
Trace Backcolor	Select the Trace backcolor "white" or "black"				
Auto PowerOff	Set the Auo poweroff time				
Touch Light Tune	Adjust the backlight				
Contrast	Adjust the contrast"Bright" "Power saving" "Custom"				
Date and time Setting	Set the machine date and time				
Touch Screen Status	Enable or disable the touch screen				
Touch Screen Calibrate	Calibrate the Touch screen funciton				
Auto Calibrate	Adjust the light strength threshold value of the light alarm				
IP Setting	Adjust the machine IP infomation.				



5.4

System Information

1: In the System Setting interface, Press **[F1]** to display the machine system information.

	System Setting	2023-03-03 08	:40		Manu
Lan	guage Switch	Trace Backcolor	Auto PowerOff	Touch Light Tune	Menu
• • •	Model : Serial No. :	FHO50 E5FHA	00-D35 03911		System Info.
Dat 3	Firmware : Firmware2 : MCU :	V3-DF- G19040 M-A817	G200330P 19_RL 1214		Upgrades
Tou	Software : System : Visible Light Source	e Module : Support	uild 2663) 6E-NR		WIFI
•	Power Meter Modu Laser Source Modu	le : Not Support	pport	te	User Manual
IP	GPS : Wifi :	Not Sup Not Sup Not Sup	oport oport oport		About Us
Sul Ga Ser	Water Proof :	Not Sup	s		Quit

5.5

System Upgrade

The product could proceed update by one U disk. Generally, OTDR does not need to be upgraded unless there is a software failure or algorithm update. Please contact us or local agent before upgrading.

Procedure:

- 1.Download upgrade file from us and storage into U disk(***must storage in root directory**).
- 2.Insert U disk into OTDR USB port.
- 3.Turn on OTDR, press **[ESC]** to enter system setting, press **[F2]** to proceed upgrades.



Sys	stem Setting		2022-1	1-18 15:30)	-USB# (
Language Sv	witch	Trace	Backcold	ог	Auto PowerOff	Touch	Light Tune	Menu
 English Czechia Other 		OWh ⊙Bla	lite Ick		Never 1Min	Light Dark		System Info.
Date Setting							t ₽	Upgrades
Touch Scree	Are	you sur	e you w	ant to up <u>c</u>	jrade?		r saving m	
0							ilibrate	
O Shutdown			OK	C	Cancel		to Calibrate	User Manual
IP	192	601	1		OK: Enter choose/m	nodity		
Submask	255	255	255	0	Arrow: Switch in Gro	oupboxes		About Us
Gateway	192	168	1	1				
Server IP	192 168	1 2	Port	12345				Quit

Press "OK" to confirm

Information Update Complete	

Update Complete



6: Laser Source Module



(1) Press "Laser Source" to enter Laser Source module, default display 1310nm wavelength. Laser source remains off state. Press "Start" button to activate the Laser source function, the output power is >-8dBm. Press " λ " button to switch the wavelength. (The laser source wavelength is consistent with OTDR wavelength except 850nm and 1300nm).



(2) Press " λ " button to switch the wavelength. (The laser source wavelength is consistent with OTDR wavelength except 850nm and 1300nm). Press "Frequency" button to change the output frequency among CW/270Hz/1000Hz/2000Hz. **Note:**

- When the Laser source module is working at 270Hz/1000Hz/2000Hz modulation frequency, the output power will be reduced by 3dB.
- The laser source is invisible. When the laser is emitted, please do not face the human eye





(3) Press "Quit" to quit the Laser source module. When exiting, you can choose whether to turn off the laser source. If choose "No", The laser source will not be turned off. At this time, it can be used together with the optical power meter function of OTDR to detect the optical loss.



7: Optical Power Meter Module



(1) Press "OPM" to enter optical power meter 850nm/1300nm/1310nm/1490nm/1550nm/1625nm/1650nm.

module, there are seven calibrated wavelength Press " λ " button to switch the correct wavelength.





Let's go in the grandway!

(2) Press "REF" button to set the current power as the reference value. The current REF will display on the right top corner. dB unit can intuitively display the value of relative power.



(3) Press "Setting" to enter the function of power meter manual correction. This function can be used when the optical power value deviates. For example, the power value of 1550nm deviates 0.5dB which means the reading power is 0.5dB weaker than the actual optical power. Press F5 to edit the correction value to "0.5dB" to correct the power value. After correction, the 1550nm reading power will increase by 0.5dB.





8: Visual Fault Locator Module (VFL)

VFL module is used to find the broken point in the near fiber or finding the fiber. The VFL function use the 650nm red light which can test more than 10km fiber. The VFL output power is 10mw, Class IIIB laser safety class, so avoid facing human's eyes when using this function. The VFL port is the second optical port on the top which adopt 2.5mm universal adapter suitable for FC/SC/ST fiber connector.



(1) Connect the fiber to the VFL port and press "VFL" button to enter the VFL function.



(2) Press "CW" or "2Hz" to activate the VFL red light. When CW mode, the VFL is continuous. When 2Hz mode, the VFL is working in the flashing way. Press "Shutdown" to turn off the VFL function.





9: Fiber Link Map Module (FLM)

With improved hardware and advanced algorithm, the PON series OTDR can easily pass through 1x64 splitter (even 1x128 splitter, depend on the OTDR dynamic range)and accurately describe the overall structure of PON network.

In particular, with FLM mode, users can automatically test without complicated settings to obtain the most accurate and intuitively test results. In addition, FLM provides the Pass/Fail function of the PON network, which can intuitively display the failure event in PON network



(1) FLM Setting

Press "FLM" button to enter the Fiber link map function. Before you test the fiber link via FLM funciton, need some simple setting. Press "Setting" to choose the wavelength and splitter infomation. In the setting interface, you need to choose the testing wavelength among 1310nm/1550nm/1625nm according to your OTDR model. Among them, 1625nm support live fiber testing. Except wavelength, If the link you are testing has a splitter, you need to set the number and type of the splitter. If you are not clear, you can choose 1x? mode. If no splitter existing, set the first splitter/second splitter as "None".

	FLM		2022-11-17 16:	43	C		1000	Setting	2023-10-2	3 13:41		10000
							Menu	Splitter ratio #1	Splitter ratio #2	Test Wave		Menu
						0.0000 km		O None	O None	◯ 1310nm		
						Long 1	Start to	01x2	01x2	O 1550nm		FLM
						KIT	Analyse	01x8	Q1x8	○ 1310pm/1550pm		mesnolu
								◯ 1 x 16	◯ 1 x 16	0 10 101111/ 10001111		
							Setting	01x32	01x32	1625nm		
						km		O1 x 128	O 1 x 128	Launch cable		
							ELM	● 1x?	● 1x?			
							Threshold	CLU DON D		O None		
								FLM PON Diagram		ODistance 0.0	÷ m	-
λnm	Distance km	Loss dB	Reflect. dB	T.Loss dB	Slope dB/km	ORL dB	Multi			Index		
							Function	#2	#1			
								<u> </u>		End Receiving Fiber		
								OTDR	E- 017	O None		
								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		O Distance 0.0	- m	
							Quit			Index		Quit

(2) Start to Analyse

Connect the fiber to the OTDR port according to your selected wavelength and press "Start to Analyse". FLM testing mode will adopt multiple pulse widths to test the fiber link, Through comprehensive analysis of the collected measurement results, the optical eye will finally display the link characteristics in a graphical manner. In combination with the threshold setting, the PASS/FAIL result will be displayed at the same time.





FLM is testing, Check the test progress with the green progress bar below. The test time depends on the complexity of the fiber link.



The test results will show the fiber link total loss, total distance and total ORL. If Pass/Fail judgment is enabled, events that do not meet the threshold value will be displayed in red and display the cause analysis of the problem.

(3) FLM Threshold

Setting the FLM result threshold, in the FLM threshold, the user can set the Pass/Fail threshold for Splice loss, Connector loss, Reflection, Slope and Span loss. If the splitter is tested, the loss threshold and return loss threshold of the splitter can be set. Press "Reset" to restore default settings.





(4) Multi Function

Press "Multi Function" to generate the FLM test report and print screen.



(5) FLM ICON Explanation

The following figure lists the event icons that may appear in the FLM test.

FLM Event type	ICON	FLM Event type	ICON
Start Point	\leftarrow	Connector	-0 0-
Fusion Splice	-	Bending Point	
End Point	4	Splitter	
Insufficient Dynamic		Unknown	?



10: Fiber Microscope Module

The product supports checking the condition of the optical fiber endface on the screen, and can save the screenshot of the condition of the optical fiber end face in the OTDR. Although the OTDR software supports the EDF function, you need to purchase an additional Fiber microscope to match with the OTDR.

Fiber Microscope Model	Picture	Standard tips
FIM-4 fiber microscope		SC-PC-F(for SC/PC female bulkhead) FC-PC-F(for FC/PC female bulkhead) LC-PC-F(for LC/PC female bulkhead) 2.5PC-M(for 2.5mm/PC male connector)
FIM-18 fiber microscope		25-U-M (for 2.5mm/PC male connector) 125-U-M(for 1.25mm/PC male connector) FC-U-F(for FC/PC female bulkhead) SC-U-F(for SC/PC female bulkhead) LC-U-F(for LC/PC female bulkhead)

(1) Press "EDF" button to enter the Fiber microscope module, connect the optional FIM-4 or FIM-18 microscope to the USB port of the OTDR.



(2) Connect the optical fiber end face to the fiber microscope to check the male connector or insert the fiber microscope to the female bulkhead to check the inside fiber endface. Optical fiber endface and fiber core can be clearly displayed through 400 times amplification.





(3) Press "Capture Image" button to save the fiber endface image to the OTDR as bmp format.





11: Bluetooth function

Download the FHO5000 PRO Android mobile phone app

https://www.grandwaytelecom.com/En/Skippower/downloadFile/id/135.html

FHO5000 PRO supports Bluetooth function and can connect to Android mobile app. On mobile phone software, OTDR testing, OTDR file viewing and sor file sending can be performed.







12: New functions

12.1 Launch Cable function

There are two modes to set the start launch fiber and end receiving fiber:

- a: according to the pre-set fiber length
- b: according to the event number, OTDR will take the fiber before the event1 as the starting launch fiber and

treat the last second point to end event as the end receiving fiber.

Test Setting	2023-10-23 13:17		10000
Test Wave	Test Range	Pulse Width	Menu
 1310nm 1550nm 1310nm/1550nm 1625nm 	O 500m O 2km O 5km	O 3ns O 5ns O 10ns O 30ns	Test Setting
Test Mode	O 10km	O 50ns	Event
 Manual ● Auto 	© 20km © 33km	0 100ns 0 275ns	Threshold
Test Time	O 40km	O fus	OTDR
20 Second	O 120km	O 2us O 5us	Theshold
Resolution	O 160km	O 10us	Reset
● Standard○ High	265kmAuto	◯ 20us	
Launch cable	End Receiving Fiber	Power Mode	
None Distance	O None O Distance 82.00	Standard power	Quit

Set the launch cable and receiving fiber according to the fiber event

	CL	rrent T	est	20	23-10-23	13:18						
PW:10ns λ:1550nm X: 0					div Y: 5.0	0dB/div C	RL: 35.25d	в	(0.00 dB	Menu	
dB 50.000 A 45.000 B	- <mark>126</mark> . - 126.	A: -126. 10m 10m	.10m 18.6	58dB B: -126	.10m 18.	68dB B-A	: 0.00m 0.0	0dB/ki	m RL: Launch ca	able: 126.1m Fiber: 80.7m	Cursor A Cursor B Cursor AB	
40.000 35.000 30.000 25.000									Lind Receiving	1061-00.711	Zoom Shift Switch	
15.000 10.000 5.000	1						23	tali na titadanak		ก่อนสาว. ถ	Region Zoom	
0.000 -0.	.1	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7 km	Trace	
No.	Туре	Distan	ice km	Loss dB	T.Lo	iss dB	Slope o	lB/km	Reflect. dB	Result	Event Map	
	Seg.	(0.126	323)				0.093					
1	F.	0.000	00	0.604	0.60	4	122		-52.6	Pass	Next Page	
	Seg.	(1.005	526)	0.137	0.74	1	0.181					
2	⊢l⊧	1.0052	26	0.584	1.32	5	122		-51.0			
	Seg.	(0.080	067)				0.020				Ouit	
3	Л	1.0859	93						-54.6		Guit	

The middle part of the green dashed line is the actual line part



12.2 Conversion of OTDR trace and Fiber link map

In FLM test result, press "Multi Function" and select "Trace" to switch to OTDR trace.



OTDR trace and event map can displayed on the same screen together.





12.3 Modify wrong event type in OTDR trace mode

Sometimes the reflection of APC connections is very low, and OTDR may think it is a fusion point as non-reflection event.









12.4 Modify wrong event type in FLM test mode

Sometimes the reflection of APC connections is very low, and FLM may think it is a fusion point as non-reflection event.









13: Background Information on Measurements

13.1 Viewing the Optical Pulse Measurement Waveform





13.2

Terminology

Near-end reflection

A reflection occurs in the gap between the OTDR and the connector for the optical fiber cable. Losses and reflections of the connection points cannot be detected in the section in which this reflection is detected. This section is called a dead zone.

Backs cattering light

When light propagates through the optical fiber cable, a phenomenon called Rayleigh Scattering occurs due to the nonuniformity of the density or constituents of materials smaller than the wavelength unit. The scattered light that is transmitted opposite to the direction of propagation is called backscattering light.

Splice loss due to fusion

A splice loss occurs at the fused section mainly due to axis offset and angle offset.

Reflection due to connector connection

Unlike the fused section, a slight gap occurs in the connection section of connectors. Because the group refraction index changes in this gap, a reflection occurs causing a loss.

Fresnel reflection at the far end of the optical fiber cable

Fresnel reflection occurs at the location where the optical fiber cable is broken or a location where the group refraction index changes such as the far end of the cable (glass and air) when light enters the cable. If the end face of the optical fiber cable is vertical, approximately 3.4 % (–14.7 dB) of the incident light power is reflected.

Dynamic range

Dynamic range refers to the difference between the backscattering light level at the near end and the noise (RMS = 1).

Dead zone

The locations where measurements cannot be made due to the effects of Fresnel reflection, connection point of connectors, etc.



14: Maintenance

14.1

Notice

The product use rechargeable Li-ion battery.

Pay attention to the following :

- > Keep OTDR dry and clean store at room temperature($15^{\circ}C \sim 30^{\circ}C$).
- Remove and charge the battery monthly if you don't use it for a long time(more than one month).
- keep Optical port clean by alcohol soaked cotton and recover dust cap after use.
- Clean optical port and connector at fixed period.

Follow the principles below before cleaning:

- Shut off before cleaning.
- > Any operations contrary to the instructions may result in dangerous laser injuries.
- Disable laser launching before cleaning.
- When the instrument is in operation, please always avoid looking directly into optic output. Although laser radiation is invisible, it may do serious injury to eyesight,
- Be cautious of electric shock and make sure AC power is disconnected from the instrument before cleaning. Always use dry or moist soft cloth to clean the outside of the instrument, and never touch inside.
- > Don't proceed any modification on OTDR.
- > For maintenance, please always operated by qualified worker.
- 14.2

Cleaning Tools

- 1. Optic fiber cleaner (for cleaning of optic connectors)
- 2. Optic fiber cleaning rod (for cleaning of optic adapter)
- 3. Optic fiber cleaning tissue (for cleaning optic interfaces)
- 4. Isopropyl alcohol
- 5. Cotton ball
- 6. Paper tissue
- 7. Cleaning brush
- 8. Cleaning pen



15: Diagnosis Center

15.1	1
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FAQ

Fault	Reason	Solution
	1.Holding time on power button is not	1. Long press on ON/OFF key.
	enough(>2s).	2.Connect external power/ Replace a new
Can't turn on	2.Run out of power / battery has broken.	battery.
	3.No battery.	3.Install battery.
	4.Too cold there.	4.Change another environment.
Display, shows, poarly	1.Brightness need to be adjusted.	1.Adjust brightness.
nothing after turned on	2.Connection between display and	2.Open and reconnect.
	motherboard is not good.	
Battery does not work	1.Temperature is too high.	1.Try to decrease temperature.
	2.Connection is not proper.	2.Reconnect battery.
рюрену	3.Battery is nearly broken.	3.Replace a new one.
Power state indicator	Battery has broken	Replace a new one
turns yellow		
Measuring graphic	1.Connector loose,polluted, damaged or	1.Clean and reconnect.
only has front end	unmatched.	2.Change a new adapter.
reflection	2.Locating pin has broken.	
No response		Restart
	1.Often happened in large plus	1.Use proper measuring range and pulse
	width,long range and short link condition.	width setting.
	2.Common ghost caused by	2.Reconnect fault point of Reflection event,
	continuous reflection of connector.	reduce reflection strength.



15.2

Help Information

The product has an build-in manual with essential information



Procedure:

Turn on OTDR

1.Press **[ESC]** enter system setting, press **[F4]** to read manual, Control **[▲] [▼]** button to flip over.

2.Press **[ESC]** to quit.



16: OTDR Specification

General Specification

Dimension	253×168×73.5mm/1.5kg (battery included)
Display	7 inch touch screen TFT-LCD with LED backlight
Interface	1×RJ45 port, 3×USB port (USB 2.0, Type A USB×2, Type B USB×1)
Power Supply	10V(dc)/4A, 100V(ac) to 240V(ac), 50~60Hz
	7.4V(dc)/5.2Ah lithium battery (with air traffic certification)
Battery	Operating time: 6 hours①, Telcordia GR-196-CORE
	Charging time: <4 hours (power off)
Power Saving	Backlight off: Disable/1 to 99 minutes
	Auto shutdown: Disable/1 to 99 minutes
Data Storage	Internal memory: 16GB
	User selectable (English, traditional Chinese, French, Korean, Russian, Spanish,
Language	Portuguese, Turkish, Italian, German, Thai, Hungarian, Czech, Vietnamese,
	Polish-contact us for availability of others)
	Operating temperature and humidity: -10℃~+50℃, ≤95% (non-condensation)
	Storage temperature and humidity: -20℃~+75℃, ≤95% (non-condensation)
	Standard: Main unit, power adapter, Lithium battery, FC adapter, USB cord, User guide,
Accessories	carrying case
	Optional: SC/ST/LC adapter, Bare fiber adapter, Fiber microscope, Launch cable box

Model Selection

	Testing Wavelength	Dynamic Range (dB)③	Event/Attenuation Dead-zone (m)
Ithe	(MM: ±20nm, SM: ±20nm)		
FHO5000-M21	850/1300	19/21	1/4
FHO5000-MD21	850/1300	19/21	1/4
	1310/1550	35/33	1/4



Let's go in the grandway!

	850/1300	19/21	1/4
FHO5000-MD22	1310/1550	40/38	0.8/3
FHO5000-D26	1310/1550	26/24	1/4
FHO5000-D35	1310/1550	35/33	1/4
FHO5000-D40	1310/1550	40/38	0.8/3
FHO5000-D43	1310/1550	43/41	0.8/3
FHO5000-D45	1310/1550	45/43	0.8/3
FHO5000-D50	1310/1550	50/48	0.8/3
FHO5000-T26F	1310/1550/1625	26/24/24	1/4
FHO5000-T35F	1310/1550/1625	35/33/33	1/4
FHO5000-T40F	1310/1550/1625	40/38/38	0.8/3
FHO5000-T43F	1310/1550/1625	43/41/41	0.8/3
FHO5000-T45F	1310/1550/1625	45/43/43	0.8/3
FHO5000-T50F	1310/1550/1625	50/48/48	0.8/3
FHO5000-TC35F	1310/1550/1650	35/33/33	1/4
FHO5000-TP35	1310/1490/1550	35/33/33	1/4

Test Parameter

Pulse Width	3ns, 5ns, 10ns, 30ns, 50ns, 100ns, 275ns, 500ns, 1µs, 2µs, 5µs, 10µs, 20µs
Testing Distance	500m, 2km, 5km, 10km, 20km, 33km, 40km, 80km, 120km, 160km, 265km
Sampling Resolution	Minimum 5cm
Sampling Point	Maximum 256,000 points
Linearity	≤0.05dB/dB
scale Indication	X axis: 4m~70m/div, Y axis: Minimum 0.09dB/div
Distance Resolution	0.01m
Distance Accuracy	±(0.75m+measuring distance×3×10 ⁻⁵ +sampling resolution) (excluding IOR uncertainty)
Reflectance Accuracy	Single mode: ±2dB, multi-mode: ±4dB



IOR Setting	1.2000~1.7000, 0.0001 step	
Units	Km, miles, feet	
OTDP Trace Format	Telcordia universal, SOR, issue 2 (SR-4731)	
OTDR Trace Format	OTDR: User selectable automatic or manual set-up	
	-Reflective and non-reflective events: 0.01 to 1.99dB (0.01dB steps)	
Fiber Event Analysis	-Reflective: 0.01 to 32dB (0.01dB steps)	
	-Fiber end/break: 3 to 20dB (1dB steps)	
	 Built in multi-language OTDR/FLM PDF report generation 	
	 Live Fiber detect: Verifies presence communication light in optical fiber 	
	 Dual wavelength(1310nm/1550nm) analysis-Macro bending detection 	
	Built-in Bidirectional test analysis function	
Other Functions	 Trace overlay and comparison (most 8 traces) 	
	 Define the Pass/Fail result of each event through threshold settings 	
	 Powerful PC analysis software "OTDRviewer" 	
	 Remote control on PC software "Server" via RJ45 cable 	
	 Bluetooth and Android mobile APP is available on PRO version 	

VFL Module

Wavelength	650nm(±20nm)
Output Power	10mw,CLASSIII B
Test Range	12km
Connector	Universal 2.5mm interface
Launching Mode	CW/2Hz

OPM Module

Wavelength Range	800~1700nm
Calibrated Wavelength	850/1300/1310/1490/1550/1625/1650nm
Test Range	Type A: -60~+5dBm (standard); Type B: -40~+23dBm (optional)
Resolution	0.01dB



Accuracy	±0.35dB±1nW
Connector	FC/UPC or SC/UPC or customized

LS Module (Laser Source)

Working Wavelength	Consistent with OTDR (Except 850nm/1300nm)
Output Power	≥-8dBm
Output Mode	CW/270Hz/1kHz/2kHz
Accuracy	±0.5dB
Connector	FC/UPC or SC/UPC or customized

Notes:

①Typical, backlight off, sweeping halted at 25°C, 6 hours typical continuous testing.

⁽²⁾ Model T26F/T35F/T40F/T43F/T45F/T50F/TC35F are integrated with optical filter, which allow them to test live fiber (by using 1625nm/1650nm wavelength) and will not interrupt the online signal of fiber.

③Dynamic range is measured with maximum pulse width, averaging time is 3 minutes, SNR=1; The level difference between the RMS noise level and the level where near end back-scattering occurs.



④Event dead zone is measured with pulse width of 3ns and return loss ≥-45dB. Dynamic range>5dB Attenuation dead zone is measured with pulse width of 3ns and returen loss ≥-55dB. Dynamic range>5dB





⑤1310/1550nm uses OTDR1 port, and 1625nm/850nm/1300nm uses OTDR2 port.



*Specifications are subject to change without notice.



17: Warranty

17.1

Terms of Warranty

All products are warranted against defective material and workmanship for a period of time from the date of shipment to the original customer. Any product found to be defective within the warranty period would be repaired or replaced by our company free of charge.

17.2

Exclusions

The warranty on your equipment shall not apply to defects resulting from the following:

- Unauthorized repair or modification
- > Misuse, negligence, or accident

Our company reserves the right to make changes to any of its products at any time without having to replace or change previously purchased units.

17.3

Transportation

To return instrument for reasons of yearly maintenance or other, please contact us. to obtain additional information and RMA#code(Return Materials Authorization number). And describe briefly reasons for the return of the equipment, to allow us offer you more efficient service.

To return the instrument in the case of repair, calibration or other maintenance, please note the following:

- > Pack the instrument with soft cushion like Polyethylene, so as to protect the shell of the instrument.
- Please use the original hard packing box. If use other packing material, please ensure at least 3 cm soft material cover around the instrument.
- Be sure to correctly fill out and return the warranty registration card, which should including following information: company name, postal address, contact, phone number, email address and problem description.
- > Seal the packing box with exclusive tape.
- > Ship to your representative or the agent of the Company in a reliable way.

17.4

Customer Service and Support

Shanghai Grandway TelecomTech. Co., Ltd.

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